

Normal Distribution Examples

• We now know how to use std. Normal distribution table - which provides the cumulative probability (area under the Gaussian curve) for a given Z-score or Z-score range.

• We will now do some practical examples - which illustrate how to calculate the probability.

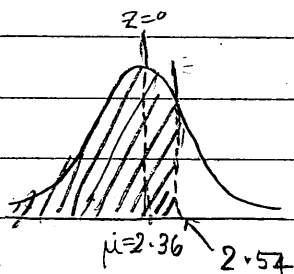
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(a)

$\mu = 2.360$

$\sigma = 0.427$

$P[< 2.54]$



(Note: the rough sketch helps usage of appropriate table)

We have: $z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma} = \frac{2.54 - 2.36}{0.427} = 0.422$

From table

$P[z \leq 0.422] = 0.6635$
after interpolation bet 0.42 & 0.43

$\therefore P[< 2.54] = \underline{\underline{66.35\%}}$

Ex-1 Cholesterol Levels

Total cholesterol levels for men (in US) in 35-44 age group has a mean (μ) of 2.360 mmol/l and a std. dev. (σ) of 0.427 mmol/l.

(a) What percentage of men have a total cholesterol level less than 2.540

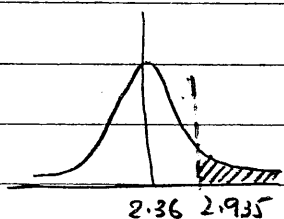
(b) If 250 men are randomly selected, how many would you expect to have cholesterol level greater than 2.935

(Note: In US mg/dl is used
In AUS mmol/l is used
 $\text{mmol/l} = \text{mg/dl} \times 0.01129$)

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(b)

$P[> 2.935]$ as shown in sketch:



$x = 2.935$;

$z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma} = \frac{2.935 - 2.36}{0.427} = 1.347$

$P[z > 1.347] = 1 - P[z \leq 1.347]$
↑ From Table
 $= 1 - 0.9110 = 0.089$
(8.9%)

\therefore No. of men with total cholesterol level > 2.935
 $= 0.089 \times 250$
 $\approx \underline{\underline{22}}$

Ex. 2 Tyre Warranty.

A brand of car tyre has a life expectancy that is normally distributed, with a mean (μ) of 48,000 km and a std. Dev (σ) of 4,000 km. How should you word the warranty, if the free replacement is to be kept under approximately 10% of the total sales.

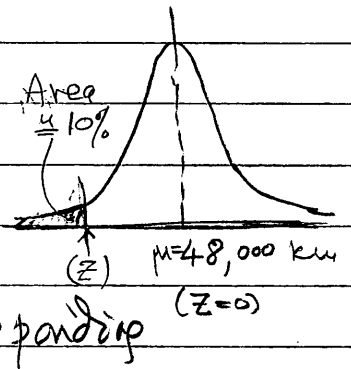
We have:

$\mu = 48,000 \text{ km}$

$\sigma = 4,000 \text{ km.}$

\therefore Probability ≤ 0.1

- From the table find the z-value for the area corresponding to 0.1



$\therefore Z = -1.28$

Area ≤ 0.1003

We have

$X = \mu + Z\sigma$

$= 48,000 + (-1.28) \times 4,000$

$= \underline{42,880 \text{ km.}}$

Warranty for approx.

40,000 or 45,000 km??

Ex. 3

Scores for California Peace officer test are normally distributed with $\mu = 50$ & $\sigma = 10$.

An agency will only hire applicants with scores in the top 10%. What is the lowest score which is eligible for hire.

$\mu = 50 ; \sigma = 10$

From the table, we need to find

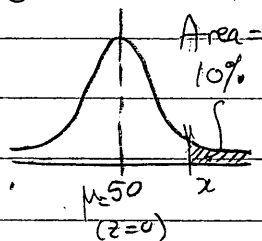
the z-value for cum. area $\times (1 - 0.1) = 0.9$

$\therefore Z \cong 1.28$

$\therefore X = \mu + Z\sigma = 50 + 1.28 \times 10$

$= \underline{62.8}$

Say the lowest score is 63.



Homework

In a large statistics class, the final exam scores are normally distributed with a mean of 72 and a standard deviation of 9. Grades are to be assigned as follows:

- Grade A - Top 10%
- Grade B - Next 20%
- Grade C - Middle 40%
- Grade D - Next 20%
- Grade F - Bottom 10%

Find the lowest score that qualify a student for A, B, C & D.

